Social and Emotional Learning and IEP Development

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TODAY'S WORK

- Understand what a CCR-IEP is
- Explore why social and emotional learning is a critical component of the IEP
- Learn how to utilize Wisconsin's Social and Emotional Learning Competencies within the IEP process

What is a CCR IEP?

CCR IEP = College and Career Ready IEP

An Individualized Education Program (IEP) developed to:

- meet the unique disability-related needs of a student and
- help ensure the student graduates ready for further education, work, and living in the community

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CCR IEP 5 Step Process Back to Basics



Understand Achievement

Analyze Progress

Identify Effects of Disability

(and disability related needs)

Align Services

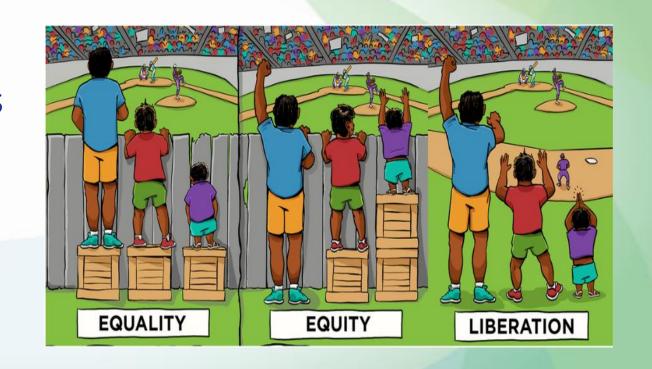
Develop Goals

The Power of Beliefs



CCR IEP 5 Beliefs

- High Expectations
- Culturally Responsive Practices
- Student Relationships
- Family and Community
 Engagement
- Collective Responsibility



Standards and Expectations

The Relationship Between: **Vision, Principles, Process, Content**

Wisconsin Academic Standards

Alternate Academic Sandards

Achievement Standards

(Essential Elements)
for students with the MSCD

Communication and Engagement Content: Standards and professional Learning Functional Skills Process: Multi-Level Systems of Support **Principles:** Guiding Principles of Teaching and Learning Vision: PUBLIC Every Child a Graduate College and Career Ready INSTRUCTION

Early Learning
Standards
(WMELS)

Social and
Emotional
Learning
Competencies

SEL Defined

Social and Emotional Learning is the process through which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes, and skills necessary to understand and manage emotions, set and achieve positive goals, feel and show empathy for others, establish and maintain positive relationships and make responsible decisions...

Why is SEL an important part of IEPs?

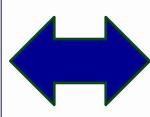
- Students with disabilities often report difficulties with social relationships (Blake, J., Lund, E., Zhou, Q., Kwok, O. & Benz, M., 2012)
 - Disability may effect social and emotional development
- Autism
- Emotional Behavioral Disability
- Communication

Functional Skills

- Are those skills or activities that are not considered academic or related to a child's academic achievement
- May include:
 - Everyday living, school, work and play habits
 - Health-enhancing physical activity
 - Transitioning across settings and activities
 - Organization
 - Social and emotional skills

Relationship Between Academic and Functional Skills

Achievement Gaps
May Affect Self
Efficacy, Motivation,
and Adult/Peer
Relationships



Academic Standards

Functional Gaps
May Affect Access to
Instruction and
Understanding
"How" to Engage
with Instruction

SEL Competencies



Connection Between Reading and Behavior

- Integrating behavior supports in reading instruction produces larger gains in literacy skills (Stewart, Benner, Martella, & Marchand-Martella, 2007).
- Improving the social behavior of students results in more minutes spent in academic instruction (Putnam, Handler and O'Leary-Zonarich, 2003; Putnam, Handler, Rey and O'Leary-Zonarich, 2002).
- High quality instruction engages students and leads to reduction in problem behavior (Sanford, 2006; Preciado, Horner, Baker, 2009).
- Students who have difficulty with reading may find ways to escape or avoid reading activities (McIntosh, Horner, Chard, Dickey, & Braun, 2008).



How does this effect IEP Development?



Step 1 Understand Achievement



Understand achievement of grade-level academic standards and functional expectations to identify the student's strengths and needs

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Step 1 Key Ideas

- Identify and document student <u>strengths</u> in relationship to improving student outcomes
- Understand early childhood/grade-level academic standards and <u>functional expectations</u> (to identify areas of strength and concern)

SEL Competencies

- Document current performance compared to <u>standards</u> and expectations
 - Consider <u>skills</u> needed to access, engage and make progress in general education curriculum, instruction, other school activities and environments
 - Consider multiple sources of data

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For Example...

EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Understand and manage one's emotions

No.	CASEL Domain	PK-5K	1st-3rd	4th-5th
3	Self- Management	Learners will be able to, with adult guidance, display age appropriate self-control. WMELS Domain II A EL.1	Learners will be able to, with adult guidance, demonstrate a variety of strategies to manage strong emotions.	Learners will be able to, with minimal adult guidance, manage emotions (e.g., stress, impulses, motivation) in a manner sensitive to self and others.

EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT cont'd

Understand and manage one's emotions

No.	CASEL Domain	6th-8th	9th-10th	11th-Adult			
3	Self- Management	Learners will be able to identify what triggers a strong emotion and apply an appropriate calming or coping strategy to defuse the emotional trigger.	Learners will be able to consistently use appropriate calming and coping strategies when dealing with strong emotions.	Learners will be able to predict situations that will cause strong emotions, and plan and prepare to manage those emotions.			



Considerations

- What data do you need? What do you want to know?
- What contextual factors influence the absence or presence of the skill?
- How do you collect data for Step 1 around social and emotional skills?
- What existing data might you include?
- Does the data you have match the social and emotional skill the student may be lagging?

Reflect, Discuss, Apply...

Think of a student you work with. Using the competencies as your guide, describe their present level as it relates to social and emotional learning. Remember to include data from multiple sources to support your description.



Step 2: Identify Effects of Disability on Access and Achievement

Identify how the student's disability affects academic achievement and functional performance

Step 2 Key Ideas

Step 2 has three parts:

- Document of observations of the effects of the student's disability on access, engagement and progress
- Analyze root causes
- Synthesize and summarize disability-related needs

Linking Steps 1 and 2

Step 1	Step 2			
Current Levels Effects		Root Cause Analysis	Disability- Related Needs	
"What"	"How"	"Why"	"Summary"	
Reporter	Observer	Analyst	Synthesizer	

CCR IEP 5 Step Process Chart



STEP 1	STEP 2			STEP 3	STEP 4
Current Level(s)	Effects		Disability-Related	Measurable	Services
Report data/information about academic and functional performance Understand "What" Reporter	Observations-How disability affects access, engagement, progress Identify "How" Observer	Root Cause Analysis Discussion-Whys and other factors Identify "Why" Analyst	Needs Student focused, address effects "Summarize" Synthesizer	Annual Goals Ambitious Achievable Develop Developer	Address needs and goals- Clearly stated Align Architect

STEP 5- Analyze progress towards goals to evaluate what works and what is needed to close student achievement gaps

CCR-IEP 5-Step Process Chart and SEL

STEP 1		STEP 2		STEP 3	STEP 4
Current Level(s) Report data/information about academic and functional performance Understand "What" Reporter What is the student's	Observations- How disability affects access, engagement, progress Identify "How" Observer What are the effects of	Root Cause Analysis Discussion of Whys and other factors Identify "Why" Analyst Why isn't the student	Disability-Related Needs Student focused, address effects, reflect root causes "Summarize" Synthesizer Determine the specific	Measurable Annual Goals Ambitious Achievable Develop Developer	Services Address needs and goals- Clearly stated Align Architect
performance as related to grade-band SEL competencies? For example, a 6th grade student engages in verbal arguments with peers on average 5 times per week requiring adult intervention. This occurs during unstructured times (e.g. lunch, recess, hallways). The student is removed from regular education environment average of 2 times a month for no more than 30 minutes.	this behavior on the student's access, engagement, and progress in the general education classroom? Verbal arguments during unstructured times. Verbal arguments do not occur in structured small groups when an adult provides direction to the group or when the student is in a small group of preferred peers. Student has few close friends and often sits alone. The student generally responds to verbal redirection from adults.	meeting the grade-band competency? When discussing why, consider if the student is not meeting a grade-band competency as a result of the student not acquiring the skill or if the student has acquired the skill but is not able to apply it (at the appropriate time, in the appropriate manner, in the appropriate sequence).	disability-related needs that affect SEL based upon the effects found and the outcome of the root cause analysis. The WI SEL Competencies may be a useful tool to clearly communicate the students disability related needs that affect SEL.	Using data related to the current present level, identify a baseline and develop a realistic level of attainment. Example of goal: The student will identify the perspective of others. Baseline: Given a social story, the student identifies the perspective of others 0/4 times. LOA1: Given a social story, the student identifies the perspective of others 3/4 times.	require specially designed instruction, supplementary aids and services or other supports to address the disability-related needs that affect SEL? The student will receive specially designed instruction in social skills.

Reflect, Discuss, Apply...

Think back to the student you work with. Take a few minutes to work through Step 2. You may use the Process Chart as your guide.

STEP 2					
Effects Observations-How	Root Cause Analysis	Disability-Related Needs			
disability affects access,	Discussion-Whys and other factors	Student focused, address			
engagement, progress Identify	Identify	effects "Summarize"			
"How"	"Why"	Synthesizer			
Observer	Analyst				



What did you notice... Type in Chat!

- 1. How did the SEL competencies help you better describe a student's current levels?
- 2. Did the SEL competencies support your understanding of the effects of the disability in Step 2?
- 3. Were you able to identify specific SEL needs based on the effects and outcome of the analysis?
- 4. Did the SEL competencies serve as a useful tool to identify a skill baseline and develop a realistic and achievable goal?

Step 3: Develop Ambitious and Achievable Goals

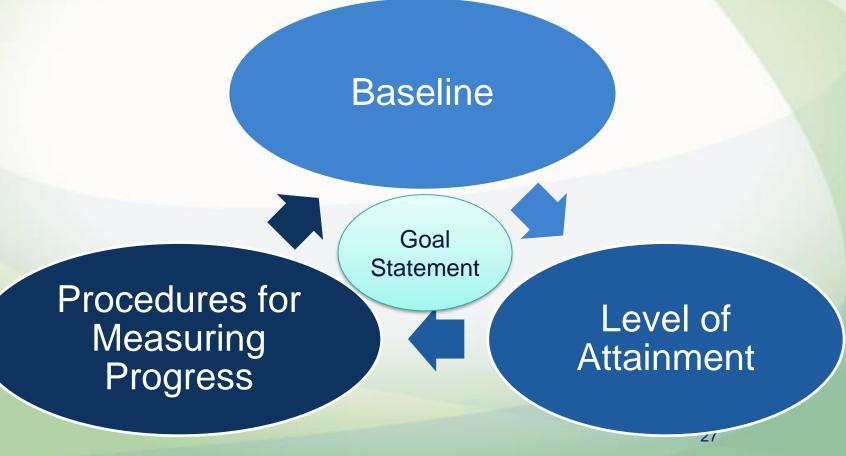
Develop ambitious and achievable goals that close achievement gaps and support the unique strengths and needs of the student.

Step 3 Key Ideas

- IEP goals address "why" (i.e. root causes) the student is not meeting early childhood/grade-level standards or expectations
- IEP goals address student specific disability-related need(s) that will improve access, engagement and progress toward standards and expectations (i.e., effects)
- IEP goals are measurable, ambitious and achievable

Components of IEP Goals

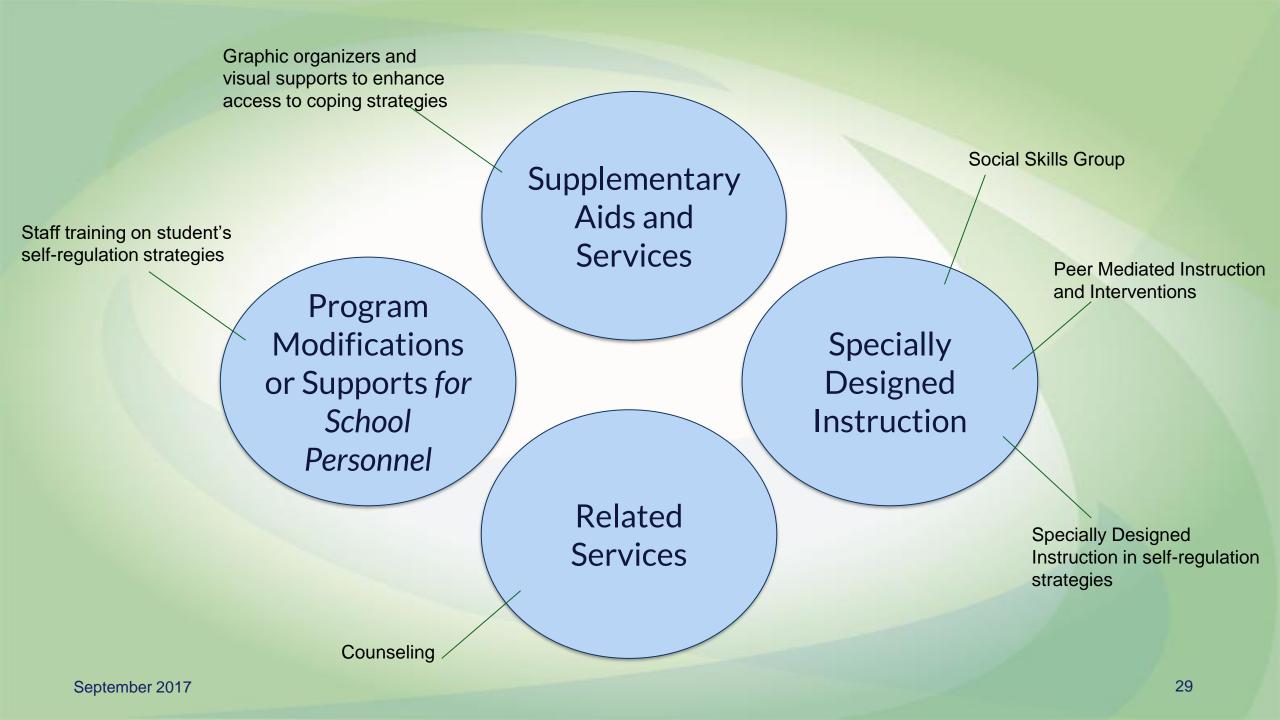
The "measure" in measurable goals should align all of the following



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Step 4: Align Special Education Services

Align specially designed instruction, services, supports and accommodations needed to support the goals and ensure access to the general curriculum.



Step 5: Analyze Progress Towards Goals

Analyze progress towards goals to evaluate what works and what is needed to close the student's achievement gaps.

RESOURCES



CCR IEP Webpage

https://dpi.wi.gov/sped/college-and-career-ready-ieps

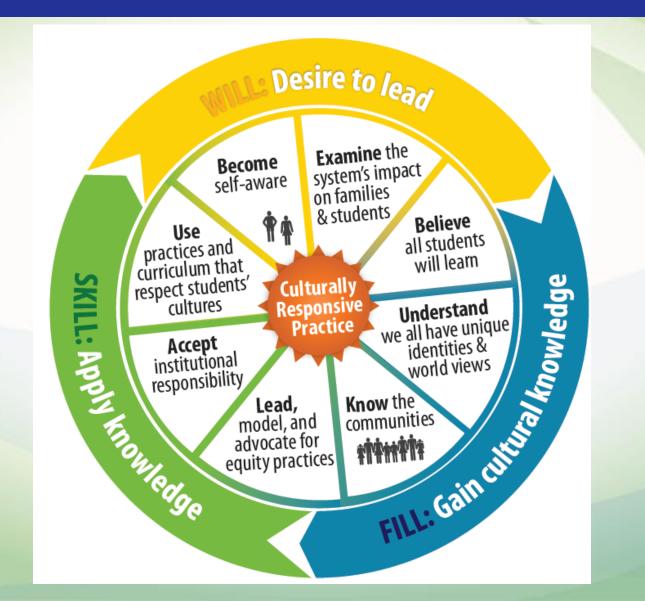


CCR IEP Learning Resources

https://dpi.wi.gov/sped/college-and-career-ready-ieps/learning-resources



Culturally Responsive Practice





Family and Community Engagement in Promoting Excellence For All





Wisconsin State Parent Educator
Initiative (WSPEI)
http://wspei.org/

WSPEI CCR IEP Family Engagement Resources http://www.livebinders.com/play/play?id=2191148

Report of the State Superintendent's
Parent Advisory Council
September 2017 dpi.wi.gov/pacreport

Collective Responsibility Co-Teaching



https://youtu.be/Xurgvdq3J8s

Standards and Expectations

The Relationship Between:

Vision, Principles, Process, Content Wisconsin **Academic Standards** Content: Standards and Functional Skills professional Learning Process: Multi-Level Systems Alternate Academic of Support Achievement Standards **Principles:** Guiding Principles of Teaching and Learning (Essential Elements) Vision: for students with the MSCD Every Child a Graduate College and Career Ready

Early Learning
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Universal Design for Learning (UDL)

and the CCR IEP 5 Step Process
A Lens for Factors Affecting Student Performance



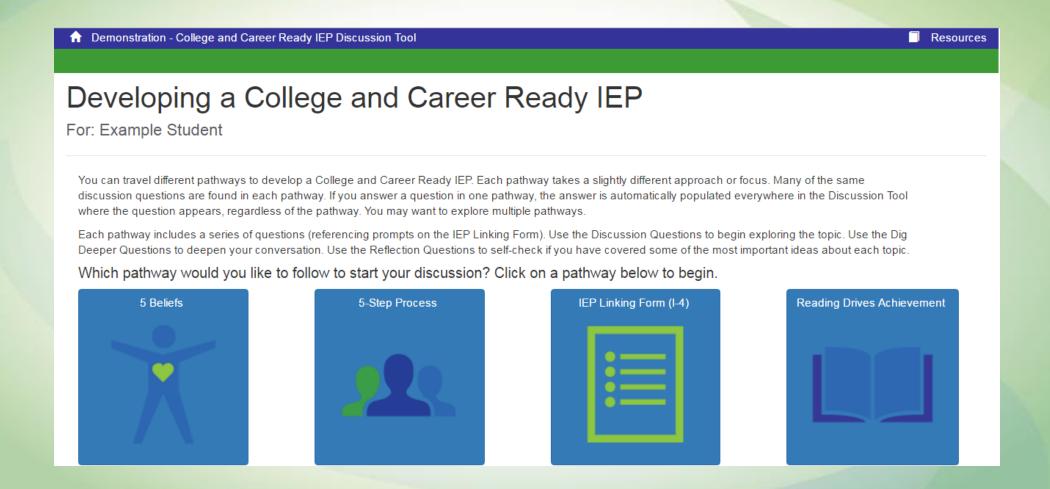
UDL checkpoints can help IEP teams identify and describe effects of disability and guide IEP goal and service planning

Systematic Predictable Barriers

Engagement	Representation	Action and
		Expression
Options for self-regulation	Options for	Options for executive
	comprehension	functions
Options for sustaining	Options for language,	Options for expression
effort and persistence	mathematical	and communication
	expressions, and symbols	
Options for recruiting	Options for perception	Options for physical
interest		action

CCR IEP Discussion Tool





Selected Sample IEP Forms Resource Links

- DPI Special Education Forms Page (includes copies of all sample forms, history of changes to forms, and additional guidance)
- Guide to Special Education Forms
- Sample IEP Forms Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Procedural Compliance Self-Assessment



